The Saturday Evening Post.

VOLUME I. PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY 16, 1822. NUMBER 29.

PRINTED BY ATKINSON & ALEXANDER,
No. 53 MARKET STREET,
Four doors below Second st.—north side.

CONDITIONS.

The *Saturday Evening Post* is published once a week, on a large royal sheet, at two dollars a year payable half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS at the end of the year.

No subscription received in the city for less than six months—in the country, no subscription received under one year.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional—with the customary allowance for renewals and alterations. Non-subscribers to pay at the rate of one dollar per square for three insertions.

A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be thankfully received in the Office back.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

POLAR STAR.

"The sun has made a golden set,"
And nature sinks in calm repose,
The evening primrose's leaves now wet
And dewy, in the twilight glows.

In funeral gloom creation sleeps,
And seems to mourn of day, the close—
The dews of Heaven, the tears she weeps,
The altar where they fall, the Rose.

The dark'ning gloom soon fades away,
A stream of light on ether flows,
The pole Star mocks the glare of day,
While in the north its brightness glows.

A joyful thrill, Oh! lambent Star,
Now thro' my bosom gently flows,
As I descry thy light afar,
And nature in thy splendour glows—

Surpassing far the feverish gleam
Of joy, we draw from woman's smile,
Which glows as fitful as the beam
The moon sheds on a desert isle.

Serenely fair all nature glows
While on its breast the moon beams sleep,
But o'er her blackest clouds soon close,
And leaves the wretch to "wake and weep."
MAD POET.

January 20, 1822.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

SONG,

Written on the occasion of a late convivial meeting, and sung by a member.

TUNE—Hail to the Chief.

Hail to the hour when the goblet is flowing,
And the bright glance of pleasure illumines the eye,
When the heart tun'd to feeling with friendship is glowing,
And the pulse of delight in the bosom beats high;
Then let the joyous song,
Rais'd by the social throng,
Pour in sweet cadence its notes all around,
While thro' the inmost soul,
Warm tides of pleasure roll,
And joy, mirth, and music united abound!

The sun with his lustre illumines the morning,
Creation is blest when he smiles on the day—
And *here* pleasure's smile ev'ry face is adorning,
With a lustre as glowing and bright as his ray:
Here ev'ry bosom feels,
And ev'ry eye reveals
Undisguis'd the warm feelings of joy from the soul,
Joy in each bosom beats,
And ev'ry tongue repeats,
Friendship! we pledge thee this night in the bowl! D.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

Melancholy Anticipations.

I have thought, when the burden of this life is o'er,
And we are at rest in the grave,
How unfelt then the ills that we now may deplore,
Or the pangs that our miseries gave.

How unenvied enjoyment, since 'tis but for awhile
That we are allowed to enjoy—
And pleasure, tho' glowing and bright is her smile,
The sleep of the grave must destroy.

Tho' the light laugh of joy for a time may illume,
With its lustre, the beam of our eye,
Its brightness ne'er reaches the depth of the tomb,
'Tis unheeded, unfelt, when we die!

Tho' the loud trump of fame with our deeds may resound,
And hallow our ashes when dead,
Unheard its report in that noiseless profound,
When the soul that inspir'd it is fled!

With the sweet tinge of beauty and health on our cheeks,
Cheer'd by hope—that can never depart,
And an eye that delightfully beaming bespeaks
The ardour and warmth of the heart—

In this fulness of life for a moment to pause,
And to think what ere long we must be,
When fate the dark curtain of death round us draws
And we bend us before her decree.

Oh! what then availeth the pomp of this life,
Or its pleasures that quickly will fade—
A short time, and soon shall its passions and strife
With the silence of death be repaid!

But the halo of virtue for ever will last,
Its brightness ne'er fadeth away,
When the blaze that encircled our glories is past,
It will light us to realms of day! D.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

MOON LIGHT.

'Tis sweet beneath the Moon's pale beam,
By contemplation led,
To muse upon some pleasing theme,
Or joys forever fled.

It seems an hour of sacred peace,
When ev'ry passion's still,
Our thoughts from mundane cares releas'd,
To enervate the will.

Her smiles benign on every part,
Diffuse a secret balm,
That strikes submission to the heart,
And makes each passion calm.

She seems to say, at dead of night,
When Somnus reigns around,
Adore thy great Creator's might,
And sing His love profound.

Then let us raise our Anthems high
For all the favours giv'n—
Let acclamations reach the sky,
Unto the God of Heav'n.

Moral and Religious.

In the vigour of youth and health, and whilst enjoying the blessings, and what are falsely called pleasures of this earthly tabernacle, this is the most acceptable time with the LORD for beginning the great work of Repentance. Perhaps you will say, that if you come even at the eleventh hour, you will be accepted, and receive your reward in the Kingdom of Heaven. True: but I would ask, do you know the number of your days. Has the LORD revealed to you the precise time in which you must bid farewell to all earthly objects? No, you will reply. Then perhaps it is with some of you the ninth, the tenth, and even the eleventh hour of your mortal career. Perhaps death stands waiting at your door, ready to receive the word and cut the brittle thread of life. Perhaps to-morrow, to-day, is your last. Sooner or later you must quit this earthly habitation for other mansions either of eternal happiness or certain misery.

"How, then, can you neglect so great salvation?" Deceive not yourselves. Say not to your soul, to-morrow will I begin to reform my vices, and be ready for a journey, should I suddenly be called to that "bourne from whence no traveller returns." Perhaps you may not see to-morrow—"Repent then every one of you; for now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation." On the contrary, if you neglect it, until laid low on the bed of sickness and death, until the time allotted you for Repentance is expired, it may then be of no avail; for the LORD might turn a deaf ear to your prayers. Again and again, then, I exhort you, in the language of our blessed Redeemer, if you value your future and eternal interest, "Repent, repent, for the kingdom of Heaven is at hand."

The Virtuous Man is a wonder.

That fire must be of an unusual composition that is made to burn in water, and so must his temper be that can remain unsullied, and retain its brightness, though encompassed with corruption's waves. When the handsomest courtezan, Theodata, vaunted to Socrates how much she was to be esteemed before him, because she could gain many proselytes from him, but he none from her, he replied that it was no wonder, for she led them down the easy and descending road of vice, while he compelled them to the thorny and ascending path of virtue. Virtue dwells at the head of the river, to which we cannot get but by rowing against the current: he that walks through a large field hath only a narrow path to guide him right in the way; but on either side there is wide room to wander in:—What latitude can bound a profane wit, or a lascivious fancy? The loose tongue hazards all, while the virtuous man sets a watch on his lips, and examines all his language ere it passes.

Every virtue hath two vices, that close her up in curious limits, and if she swerve ever so little, she steps into error:—religion hath superstition and profaneness—fortitude, fear and rashness—liberality, avarice and prodigality—justice, rigour and partiality—and so in others; which has occasioned some to define virtue to be a medium between two extremes—Virtue is in truth a war, wherein a man must be a perpetual sentinel—'tis an obelisk, which, tho' founded on the earth, hath a spire which reaches to heaven—like the palm-tree, tho' it hath pleasant fruit it is hard to come at, for the stem is not easy to climb.

Though surrounded with difficulties, the virtuous man hath a star within, that guides and shoots its rays of comfort; he hath found the true philosopher's stone, that can unalchymy the alloy of life, and by a certain process can turn all the brass of this world into gold.

GOOD SENSE.—He who wants good sense is unhappy in having learning—for he has thereby more ways of exposing himself.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

THE MISCELLANIST.

Promises which can never be complied with, and such as are calculated to raise expectations which cannot be realized, are highly imprudent, and indicative of a trivial mind.

That we should never promise more than we have ability to perform, is a maxim which cannot be too rigorously inculcated, and which it were well for us to observe, as on it our standing among men, and even our private pecuniary interest particularly depend.

Under a just sense of the truth of the above remarks, the MISCELLANIST makes his introductory bow, and if every effort which he is capable of making, to please the taste of his readers, should prove unavailing, their frigid indifference, and disapprobating frown shall be succeeded by his valedictory exit.

It would appear by his title, that he intends to present his readers with a variety of subjects—and he assures them that the utmost care shall be exerted on his part, to select such as are both profitable and amusing, and carefully reject all that stand opposed to the promotion of virtue, and the inculcation of the principles of morality. The speculations of the sage Physiologist, the rigidity of the Moralist, the enthusiasm of the Panegyrist, the cheering smile of Hilarity, and the solemnity of Religion, shall mark his desultory flight; but the unerring finger of virtue shall direct his course.

But above every thing that can engage his attention, the promulgation of virtuous and religious sentiments, and the exaltation of Piety, and the benevolent virtues, are the most momentous. To strengthen the golden bands of love and union, which are the stay and support of our social compact, to promote substantial happiness and lasting prosperity; and, in short, to secure the liberty and independence of our nation, are, in reality, to inspire the hearts of our countrymen, with the beatitude of virtue and her attributes, and to instil into their minds the glorious principles of Piety and Religion.

Were this the labour and ardent desire of every individual, how soon would those threatening clouds of corruption which darken our horizon, vanish as the dew before the morning sun, and give place to the joyous light of ineffable benignity, whose kindling irradiations would extend to the very zenith, and illuminate the whole of our moral and political hemisphere.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

THE OBSERVER—NO. 2.

Intimately connected with the subjects of which I treated, in my first number, is the *Press*.

In the dark ages of Superstition and Ignorance, when Literature was as yet floating in chaos, and no such thing as a Press, or even the freedom of the Pen were disposed of, all mankind wore the appearance of heathenish stupidity; and the mind was doomed to travel this lower scene without one ray of Literature to illumine the passage. But to view the gradual approaches of Literature, when its first beams pierced the gross clouds of ignorance, will ever afford amusement to a contemplative and rational mind. The veil was at length gradually and almost imperceptibly withdrawn, and the sun of Literature shed his dazzling rays on a once benighted land: at whose appearance Ignorance and Superstition fled amain. But these rays are continually growing more and more resplendant, and the two preceding centuries, have contributed a greater lustre than will ever again happen. To what cause can this be attributed? Unquestionably to the means which were taken to disseminate knowledge.—The art of Printing will ever be looked upon as one of Heaven's greatest blessings; and the Liberty of the Press as essential to a free nation. Every freeman has an undoubted right to lay before the public what sentiments he pleases; to restrain this, is to destroy its liberty. But if he publishes what is improper, mischievous, or illegal, he must submit to the consequences of his own temerity. To subject the Press to the restrictive power of a licenser, (as the English nation once did,) is to grant all freedom of sentiments to the prejudices of one man, and make him the arbitrary and infallible judge of all controverted points in Learning, Religion and Government. But to punish (as the law does at present) any dangerous or offensive writings, which on a fair and impartial trial shall be adjudged of a pernicious tendency, is necessary for the preservation of peace and good order of government and Religion, the only solid foundations of Civil Liberty. Thus the will of individuals is left free—the abuse of that free-will, is the object of legal punishment. This gives scope to the politician, to disseminate his principles among the people; which, if he was bereft of, might deprive them of forwarding the interests of the nation they otherwise would be led to perform. It is to this the Rhetorician owes his fame, acquired by the beauties of his compositions. In fine, if we should be bereft of thus communicating our sentiments to the world, all nations would have cause to lament—an universal relapse into barbarity and superstition would be the inevitable consequences.

We Americans may boast of enjoying, in all its purity, this freedom of the Press, —It is chiefly to this we owe that rapid dissemination of learning which adorns our nation. May we continue to regard it as one of our invaluable privileges; a privilege which shall always be preserved, and which shall readily be defended as one of the bulwarks of Government, and as one of the essentials of a free and independent nation. OBSERVATOR.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

THE PEDLAR—NO. 8.

The following beautiful lines appeared some time since, in one of the English Magazines.

Affliction, one day, as she hark'd to the roar
Of the struggling and stormy billow,
Drew a beautiful form on the sands of the shore
With the branch of a weeping willow.

Jupiter, pleased with the noble plan,
As he roam'd on the face of the ocean,
Breath'd on the figure, and calling it man,
Endow'd it with life and with motion.

A creature so glorious, in mind and in frame,
So stamp'd with each parent's impression,
Between them a bone of contention became,
Each claiming the right of possession.

He is mine, said *Affliction*, I gave him his birth,
I alone am his cause of creation,
"The materials were furnish'd by me," answered *Earth*,
"I gave him," said Jove, "animation."

The Gods all assembled in solemn divan,
To consider each claimant's petition,
Pronounced a definite verdict on man,
And thus settled his fate's disposition—

"Let Affliction possess her own child till the woes
Of life, cease to harrass and goad it,
Let his body return to the earth whence it rose,
And his spirit to Jove who bestowed it."

So fond of liberty is man, that to restrain him from any thing, however indifferent, is sufficient to make that thing an object of desire.—The following is related by Lord Kames as a corroborative fact. A sovereign, in travelling through his kingdom, was informed in one of its capital towns of a singular fact, that one of the inhabitants, a man seventy years old, had never been without the walls. The man was brought to the king, and being poor obtained a pension; but upon the conditon that he should forfeit his pension if he ever set foot out of the town. But here even custom could not prevail over love of liberty: the man did not continue long at ease; his confinement became insupportable, and he lost his pension in six months.

MAGNANIMITY OF MARSHAL TURENNE.

The inhabitants of a great town offered Marshal de Turenne 100,000 crowns, upon condition that he should not march his troops their way. He answered them "as your town is not on the road I intend to march, I cannot accept the money you offer me."

Dr. FAUSTUS.

The first printed book on record, is the book of Psalms, by Faust and Schaeffer, his son in law, which was published on the 14th of August, 1457. Several works were printed many years before, but as the inventors wished to keep the secret to themselves they sold their first printed works as manuscripts. This gave rise to an adventure which brought calamity on Faust.—He began, in 1450, an edition of the Bible, which was finished in 1460; he carried several copies of it to Paris, and offering them for sale as manuscripts, he had the misfortune to be thrown into prison, on suspicion that he had dealt with the *Devil*; for the French could not otherwise conceive how so many books should so exactly agree in every letter and point, unless the Devil (who in those days of darkness, was thought to be always ready to appear, in *propria persona*, at every person's elbow, when called upon, and offer his services), had lent him assistance. Faust, in order to prove that he was not connected with the infernal powers, and to obtain his liberty, was obliged to disclose the secret, and inform the ministers how the work had been done.—It is upon this adventure that are founded dialogues which *Faust*, under the name of Dr. Faustus, holds with the Devil in our travelling Puppet-shows.

THE PIRATE.

(By the author of Waverley.)

This novel was announced some time past, in the London prints, but did not reach this country sooner than last week.* The re-publication of it in Philadelphia, has been completed with a despatch rarely if ever equalled by any work of the kind before. The PIRATE will be sought after with eagerness by every novel reader—and may be readily obtained at the book-stores.—We give an extract contrasting the portraits of two Sisters, which is drawn with a taste and feeling peculiar to the unknown author:

"From her mother, Minna inherited the stately form and dark eyes, the raven locks and finely pencilled brows, which shewed she was, on one side at least, a stranger to the blood of Troil. Her cheek,

O call it fair, not pale!

was so slightly and delicately tinged with the rose, that many thought the lily had an undue proportion in her complexion; but in that predominance of the paler flower, there was nothing sickly or languid: it was the true, natural complexion of health, and corresponded in a peculiar degree with features which seemed calculated to express a contemplative and high-minded character. When Minna Troil heard a tale of woe, or of injustice, it was then her blood rushed to her cheeks, and showed plainly how warm it beat, notwithstanding the generally serious, composed, and retiring disposition, which her countenance and demeanour seemed to exhibit. If strangers sometimes conceived that these fine features were clouded by melancholy, for which her age and situation could scarce have given occasion, they were soon satisfied, upon further acquaintance, that the placid, mild quietude of her disposition, and the mental energy of a character which was but little interested in ordinary and trivial occurrences, was the real cause of her gravity; and most men, when they knew that her melancholy had no ground in real sorrow, and was only the aspiration of a soul bent on more important objects than those by which she was surrounded, might have wished her whatever could add to her happiness, but could scarce have desired that graceful as she was, in her natural and unaffected seriousness, she should change that deportment for one more gay. In short, notwithstanding our wish to have avoided that hackneyed simile of an angel, we cannot avoid saying, there was something in the serious beauty of her aspect, in the measured yet graceful ease of her motions, in the music of her voice, and the serene purity of her eye, that seemed as if Minna Troil belonged naturally to some higher and better sphere, and was only the chance visitant of a world that was scarce worthy of her."

"The scarce less beautiful, equally lovely and equally innocent Brenda, was of a complexion as differing from her sister, as they differed in character, taste, and expression. Her profuse locks were of that paly brown, which receives from the passing sun-beam a tinge of gold, but darkens again where the ray has passed from it. Her eye, her mouth, the beautiful row of teeth, which, in her innocent vivacity, were frequently disclosed; the fresh, yet not too bright glow of a healthy complexion, tinging a skin like the drifted snow, spoke her genuine Scandinavian descent.

"Indeed the two lovely sisters were not only the delight of their friends, but the pride of those islands, where inhabitants, of a certain rank, were formed by the remoteness of their situation, and the general hospitality of their habits, into one friendly community. A wandering poet and parcel-musician, who, after going through various fortunes, had returned to end his days, as he could, in his native islands, had celebrated the daughters of Magnus in a poem, which he entitled Night and Day; and in his description of Minna, might almost be thought to have anticipated, though only in a rude outline, the exquisite lines of Lord Byron:—

"She walks in beauty like the night
Of cloudless climes and starry skies;
And all that's best of dark and bright
Meet in her aspect and her eyes;
Thus mellow'd to that tender light,
Which Heav'n to gaudy day denies."

SINGULAR.

There was, a few days ago, a gentleman residing in this town, who had been married 4 times, and by each marriage has had 4 children; his first wife was 18, his second 28, his third 38, and his fourth 48. He was, on his first matrimonial trip, 24 years of age, on his second 34, on his third 44, and on his fourth 54. He is now 64, and his last wife has been dead 4 years.—This strange coincidence has induced him lately to keep the 4th day in the week, and in the 4th month of every year he travels. He dines at 4 o'clock every day, and considers it an unlucky omen if his senses are not reposing in "balmy sleep" at 4 o'c in the morning.—*Brighton Gazette.*

SILVIERA & BROWNE,

WOOLLEN DRAPERS AND TAYLORS, No. 83 *South Second street*, most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, they will furnish every article in their line of business on the most reasonable terms.

ON HAND,

A handsome assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, together with a variety of Ready made Pantaloons and Vests.

Also, a fine assortment of Tartan Plaid Cloaks, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

jan 5—tf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

WHEREAS, JACOB STRAWN, of the Northern Liberties, Bricklayer, did on the 7th of the 12th mo. 1821, make an assignment to the Subscribers, of all his property for the benefit of his creditors generally—all persons having demands against the said Jacob Strawn, are requested to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate payment to either of the Assignees.

S. F. MOORE, No. 155 North Ninth street,
WM. JOHNS, Old York Road, No. 41,
dec 15—tf ASSIGNEES.

Proposals for Publishing by Subscription,

Η ΚΑΙΝΗ
ΔΙΑΘΗΚΗ.

THE NEW TESTAMENT, in Greek and English; the Greek according to Griesbach, the English upon the basis of the London fourth edition of the Improved Version—with an attempt to further improvement from the translations of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, and Macknight.—By ABNER KNEELAND, Minister of the first Independent Church of Christ called Universalist, in Philadelphia.

☞ A *Prospectus*, exhibiting a specimen of the work, may be seen at No. 9 North Second street, and also at the principal Book stores in the city; where subscriptions for the *Greek and English Testament* will be received. jan 26—tf

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 55 PINE STREET, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city.

oct 20—5m

WM. WALLACE,

No 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Has Received of the late Arrivals,

TEN cases of LEGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in the city.

ALSO,

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbands, Trimmings, &c

1 case super. black and colored Bombazeens,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
3 do. Nankin and Canton Crapes,
1 do. new stile Merino pattern Furniture Chintz, Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Diapers,

An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.

4-4 Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.

With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Millinary line. dec 22—tf

EDUCATION.

CHAS. MEAD, thankful for the patronage he has already received, informs the readers of the Saturday Evening Post, that he has removed his School from No. 32 Church Alley, to the English department of the Academy in Cherry street, opposite Zion Church, corner of Cherry and Fourth, where a few more Scholars can be accommodated. Terms of tuition, &c. made known at the School room on the first floor.

C. M. has lately prepared a new School Book, entitled the 'SCHOOL EXERCISE,' containing a course of Lessons, in which the various branches of Education are introduced as subjects for reading in Schools. The above work is just published and for sale by MAXWELL, corner of Walnut and Fourth streets. sept 1—6m

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast, &c. WM. STEVENS,

No 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.
sept 15—tf

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from 33 Green Street, to No. 73, ARCH STREET, where he still continues to post and ballance Books and collect debts.

N. B. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Agreements, Apprentices Indentures, and all other writings drawn on moderate terms. JAMES STEER,
Accountant and Collector, 73, Arch Street.
jan. 19—3w

HARDWARE.

A GENERAL assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c. may be constantly obtained on moderate terms, by Store-keepers and others, for cash or credit, at the subscriber's store, No. 57 Market, third door below Second street.

THOMAS SHIPLEY.
Jan. 12—6m

Hamilton Village Inn.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualler, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and brother Victuallers, that he has taken the above Establishment for the accommodation of those who may honour him with their custom. Good and sufficient Sheds for Horses, together with Pens for Sheep, and accommodations for Drovers, Farmers, Waggoners, &c. nov. 17—tf

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dyer.

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Dry Good Merchants, that he still continues the above business, of Dying French and Canton Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence Silks, Sattins, Velvets, Ganzes, Sewing Silks, Ribands, &c. and restores Silks to their original colours, Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, Pressed or Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favor him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. jan 12—6m

THE BUSINESS

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVERING, deceased, Bell Caster, Brass Founder, Bell Hanger and Lock-smith, is still continued at the old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH FIFTH STREET—a capable person engaged, Casts and Hangs Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on reasonable terms. House Bells, in town or country, neatly hung, Locks, Jacks, and all sorts of Brass Furniture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks, and Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited feb 2—tf

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 41 Chesnut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from £3 50 to $25 the thousand. feb 2—tf

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs.

No. 75 MARKET STREET.

PACKAGE SALE.

On Wednesday morning, the 20th inst. at nine o'clock, on a liberal credit,

100 packages Fresh Imported DRY GOODS, including an entire invoice, received via New-York, per ship Comet, from London, consisting of 4-4 and 9-8 Porter Sheetings, Fine brown do. do. Bleached do. do. Tow and Flaxen Osnaburgs, Worsted and Cotton Hose, Shirtings, Muslins, Prints, Cambrics, Pins, Buttons, &c.

TO SAIL MAKERS.

At the commencement of the sale,

A few bales superior English bleached Sail Ducks, received by said ship.

☞ Catalogues will be ready for delivery on Tuesday morning.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning next, the 23d inst. at half past nine o'clock, on a credit of 90 days for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable DRY GOODS, in lots.

FOR SALE,
BY C. P. WAYNE,

At the South-West corner of Fourth and Market streets, Philadelphia,

LOOKING GLASSES,

OF ALL KINDS,

BRASS Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, Knives and Forks, Candlesticks, Lamps, Teutanic Tea and Coffee Pots, Castors, Tea Trays, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Bellows, Pen Knives, Razors and Scissors, and a great many other articles for HOUSEKEEPERS, which will be sold cheap for CASH.

At the above Store may be had, an assortment of

DRY GOODS.

feb 9—6t

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-Maker,

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing SAWS of various descriptions, such as Cast steel and German Hand and Pannel Saws, Cast steel and German Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, &c. Wood Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Chair Webs, Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c. &c.

Circular Saws, with Spindle complete, got up in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern or order.

All the above Saws, in point of temper and workmanship, is warranted superior to any imported, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MECHANICS TOOLS, in general. feb 2—

VENETIAN BLINDS,

MADE, painted, and fitted up in the best possible manner, at the Columbian Shade Manufactory, No. 104, North Fifth Street, Philadelphia, cheap for cash, or in exchange for Merchandise. As the subscriber devotes the whole of his time to this business, he flatters himself that he can give better satisfaction to his employers than those who are involved in a labyrinth of professions—Orders from any part of the country executed with fidelity and despatch, by the public's faithful servant, JOHN YATMAN.

Jan. 12—6m

THE CELEBRATED

CEYLON TOOTH POWDER.

THE recipe for this excellent Dentifrice was sent by a gentleman in the East Indies to his friend in England, where it is universally used and highly approved, being a preventative of the TOOTH-ACHE. It purifies and sweetens the Breath; causes the Teeth to be a beautiful white, improves the enamel and strengthens the Gums. Very few have been known to have the Tooth-ache, or Rheumatism in the Gums, who have constantly used it. For sale by THOMAS S. ANNERS, Sole Agent for the proprietor, No. 141 Chesnut street.

A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. Also a choice assortment of PERFUMERY.

Jan. 12—6m

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from one thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, No. 82 Chesnut street. feb 2—tf

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c. dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. feb 2—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand at his Manufactory, No. 76 *Lombard street*, a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the most moderate terms. THOMAS YOUNG.

feb 2—tf

JEHU WARD,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 *Market street*, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform. aug 18—tf

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, No. 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture all articles in the Wire line on reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the U. States promptly attended to. feb 2—tf

Samuel Mason, jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted patent Lever, Repeating & Plain Watches. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals & Keys. *Clocks and Watches carefully repaired,* feb 2—tf

FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large assortment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the best materials, which they will sell low for Cash, at No. 50 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

GEORGE C LENTNER,
feb 2—tf JOHN PATTERSON.

G. PERSICO,

DRAWING Master and Miniature Painter, has taken a room at Robinson's Carving and Gilding store, No. 86 Chesnut street, where he will take Likenesses on moderate terms. Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings if more agreeable. He also intends opening a Drawing School, where all the branches of the art will be taught if a sufficient number of subscribers are obtained.

Terms—at his room, per quarter, $9—Private lessons at their dwellings, do. $12. feb 2—tf

IRON CHEST.

ANY person having one to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser by leaving a note, directed to S at the office of the Saturday Evening Post, stating price, size, &c. oct 6—tf

MIRROR OF LIFE.

TO SHEW THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIMES, ITS FORM AND PRESSURE.

Highway Robbery.—On Wednesday evening last, at nine o'clock, Mr. John Serah was attacked by three men, in Love lane, above Fifth street, who knocked him down and robbed him of his money, two coats, shoes and pantaloons, and then left him in a state from which his recovery is said to be doubtful.

It is credibly stated, that about seven hundred loads of wood have been brought across the Delaware to this city, daily, for the last three or four days.

Six hundred and forty dollars were received at Mr. Philipp's concert, given on Saturday evening, for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum—Thirty-eight dollars were collected in the Episcopal Church of St. Luke, at Germantown, for the Asylum, on Sunday last.

Two horses were lost on Sunday last, in the act of crossing the Delaware, opposite Market street, by the ice giving way. Fortunately the passengers in the sleigh escaped.

Early on Tuesday morning, a fire broke out in a house in Budd street, near Poplar lane, which spread with such rapidity, that the building in which it originated, and three of the adjoining ones, were nearly destroyed.

On Tuesday evening, between nine and ten o'clock, Mr George Sees, one of the Silent Watch of the city, was attacked in Thirteenth street, near Market, by two black men, who knocked him down, took his mace from him, and beat him on the head with it until he was deprived of his senses, and after having robbed him of his watch and money, left him in that situation. His recovery is said to be doubtful

A Mass was celebrated in St. Joseph's Church, in this city, on Wednesday last, by Bishop Conwell, for the happy repose of the soul of his royal highness the Duke of Berry—this being the anniversary of his premature death.

On Sunday morning last, five of the criminals confined in the goal at Norristown, Pa. made their escape. One of them had but three days to stay to complete his term of servitude, and was re-taken and lodged in his old quarters; another delivered himself up to the keeper the next morning. The others have not been heard of—persons are out in pursuit of them.

The Paris papers state, that Prince Labonow is building at Moscow, a palace of cast iron, which will be ornamented with forty-two columns of colossal dimensions.

John Billis has been convicted in the Constitutional Court at Charleston, of passing a counterfeit note of the bank of the State of South Carolina, and was sentenced to be hanged.

Last week, as the stage from Washington city to Annapolis was crossing a ferry, a high wind frightened the horses—they all four went overboard, and were drowned. The passengers were not injured.

The dwelling of the Misses Blackburns, at Columbia, S. C. was consumed by fire on the 15th ult. together with a considerable amount of valuable property, among which was many useful mathematical and astronomical calculations belonging to Professor Blackburn.

A number of humane and public spirited citizens of Connecticut, are taking measures to found an Asylum for the Insane.

An attempt in the Virginia Legislature to remove the seat of government from Richmond, has failed by a vote of 148 to 53.

By late accounts from Lima, we find that Callao, the last fortress held by the Royalists in Chili, has fallen into the hands of Gen. San Martin, and thus ends the power of Spain on the coast of the Pacific.

Two gentlemen were robbed of their pocket books, in Baltimore, last week, containing together about $250 The robber was caught the same night—but the money was not found.

COAL.—It is ascertained, says the Geneva Palladium, that an inexhaustible bed of this invaluable article has been found four miles from Tioga river, about 30 miles west from Newtown.

The English papers mention that one of their Yorkshiremen, (the yankees of G. Britain,) has discovered the perpetual motion And M. Scamarella, a Venetian Geometrician, has announced in the Gazette of Venice, that he has solved the problem of the quadrative of the circle.

The Legislature of Ohio have passed an act authorising the Governor to employ a competent engineer to ascertain the practicability of establishing a Canal from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. Six thousand dollars have been appropriated to defray the expences.

The Legislature of Rhode-Island have imposed a tax of $100 per annum on all Lottery Offices and Brokers, and Money changers.

Bills of Mortality.—The deaths in London, during the past year, were 18,451—of these, 3629 died of the consumption—The christenings amounted to 23,232—The population of London is estimated at 1,200,000. The annual report of deaths for the city of New York, gives a total of 3542—of which 715 were of consumption.

Three men who were confined in goal at Woodbury, N. J. for burglary, effected their escape last week. They did not leave a lock unbroken in the whole house excepting the one at the front door.

Letters from Port-au-Prince of the 20th ult. state that the place had been in a bustle for several days, by the marching and countermarching of troops destined to take possession of the Spanish part of the island.

James Perry, Esq. for many years editor of the London Morning Chronicle, died at Brighton, on the 5th of Dec. aged 65 years.

The Chamber of Commerce of New-York have appointed a committee to draft a memorial to Congress for establishing a Floating Light off Sandy Hook.

The Small Pox has made its appearance in Beekmantown, near Plattsburg, New-York.—The disease was imported from Montreal.

HAVANA.—Letters as late as the 22d ult. say, "The political horizon in this Island appears at present very clear, and the dominant party is determined to preserve tranquillity by the strict observance of the constitution and the laws.

The Onondaga Republican gives some painful particulars of the loss of Mr. and Mrs. Hawley, of Liverpool, who perished in Onondaga Lake, between Liverpool and Salina, by the breaking through of the horses and sleigh in which they were crossing. The bodies were recovered.

Official accounts have been received from nearly all the counties in the state of New-York, which give a majority of thirty-four thousand in favour of the new constitution.

Lang's paper of Thursday last says, John Trimble, a native of Ireland, was frozen to death, in a state of intoxication, last week, on the turnpike near Elizabeth-town, N. J.

The Bank capital of Massachusetts is $9,900,000, on which a tax of one per cent per annum, is paid, amounting to nearly one hundred thousand dollars.

Several wealthy planters of respectable standing, at New Orleans, have been arrested by the Marshal, on a charge of smuggling African Negroes into the country.

The National Intelligencer of Thursday contains an official copy of a treaty concluded between the United States and the Dey and Regency of Algiers.

INDIAN WAR.

From the Arkansas Gazette.

We learn from the Indian country that the Cherokees and Osages have lately had some fighting, in which the former have been completely successful. The Cherokees were divided into parties, one of which, amounting to 50 or 60, fell in with a party of Osages (principally composed of old men, women and children,) and killed and took near the whole, and have brought in about 63 scalps and prisoners. One Osage woman, refusing to follow the Cherokees, was set on a horse and shot, and her body afterwards thrown on a fire and consumed. Another body of the Cherokees, consisting of about 200 men, had not returned at our last accounts, but we learn that they had fell in with the Osages, and killed and took a much greater number. These successes had occasioned great rejoicings in the Cherokee nation, and the lives of a great number of the defenceless prisoners had been sacrificed, in a most barbarous manner, by their savage conquerors.

The Cherokees took a large quantity of skins, furs, and other property, from the Osages, a considerable portion of which was burnt, they being unable to bring it with them. Among the articles brought in were the hats, clothes, &c. known to have belonged to one or two white men who are supposed to have been murdered.

The Cherokees were so elated with these successes, that it was thought another war party would soon be sent out.

A letter to a gentleman in Washington, from Natchitoches states, that in the present state of inefficient government in the Mexican provinces on our South Western border, our frontier is much exposed, and furnishes facts in support of the statement.—The following is an extract from the letter:

"Natchitoches, Jan. 2, 1822

"Not long ago, five or six men were bringing a drove of horses and mules across the river Mexicano, (improperly called the Sabine,) a banditti were lying in wait for them, killed all the men who were conducting this drove, took possession of it, and drove it off. The jail in this town was lately burned, and several criminals made their escape into that country. Negroes are running away from their masters, and find an asylum there. An inhabitant of this place, who had been trading among some Indian tribes, and was bringing home a drove of horses and mules, had them all taken from him, by some people on the other side of the Sabine. Gray, the owner, got some assistance, returned, and got some of the drove again into his possession, was overtaken by the same party who had robbed him before, and was shot through the head. Another murder was lately committed on the Sabine. Fugitives from justice of every description flee into Texas, and are safe. Negroes and valuable merchandize are smuggled into this state by Galveztown traders, in quantities, almost daily. Six companies of the 8th United States regiment were lately ordered here from Florida, and have arrived in a very sickly state. Of the whole detachment, there are but few over one hundred effective men, and since they arrived, they are dying fast.

"I am informed the British government have many agents in Mexico, laying schemes of commerce, &c. for both the Indies."

A letter from a respectable source at Richmond states, that the Virginia Court of Appeals has decided that debts due to unchartered banks are not recoverable.—Of the precise extent of this decision we are not apprised. If this decision go the whole length of establishing the general rule, without qualification, the paper of these banks, now held by individuals, &c. to the amount of (it is supposed) two hun- thousand dollars, becomes as worthless as dred so many dead leaves of the forest. It is probable, however, that the decision only applies to debts contracted subsequent to the 1st November, 1816, or rather to the period fixed by a supplementary law, after which unincorporated banking institutions were outlawed by the statutes of Virginia.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Ramage, of the U. States' schooner Porpoise, to the naval officer commanding at Charleston, dated

"*Off the North Coast of Cuba,* 25*th Jan.* 1822.

"I have just time to tell you I shall be at Charleston in two or three weeks. I have taken and destroyed six piratical vessels, burnt two of their establishments, killed some of their people, and have now some prisoners on board. I also re-captured from them an American vessel, which had been in their possession three days. I have one of the schooners taken, acting as a tender, and find her of great service."

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.

Henry Johnson, a native of Copenhagen, Denmark, who has been several years in the employ of Force & Vail, at Rahway, New-Jersey, as a sawyer, was on the 9th inst. carrying a heavy piece of plank, when, stepping on some ice, he suddenly fell with his head, on a stick of timber, and the plank on his shoulder falling directly on the upper side of his head, mashed it in such a shocking manner that he languished about twenty four hours without any apparent sense, and died leaving a wife to lament his untimely end.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

SELECTIONS FROM LATE ENGLISH PAPERS.

The Cork Chronicle states, that the Caledonia from Lima, arrived at that port, has brought $300,000, exclusive of several bars of silver, for account of Lord Cochrane.—A vessel arrived at Plymouth lately and landed a quantity of silver, estimated at 100,000*l.* sterling, belonging to the same person.

The British Parliament met on the 3d of January, and was prorogued to the 5th of February.

The Cashier of the navy at Chatham, put a period to his existence on the 1st of January.

Another whole family named Whitestone, five in number, has been murdered in Ireland: this atrocious deed was committed at Clareville on the 25th of December.

Accounts from Candia, to the 1st of December, announce, that the Greeks occupied all the open country in that quarter. The Turks were shut up in a few places, and were dying of hunger.

The Morning Chronicle of the 3d of January contains a letter from Zante, giving an account of the *fifth* defeat of the Pacha of Salonica, on the frontiers of the Isthmus. He, on this occasion, made a strong effort to retrieve his losses; but the Greeks rushed upon him with irresistable impetuosity, and his defeat was complete. Seven thousand Turkish troops were killed and taken.

The Persian invasion proceeds victoriously. The news of their successes, and those of the Greeks, causes bands of the assassins, among whom are many Janissaries and Asiatics, to run up and down the streets of Constantinople, and give themselves up to the most unheard-of atrocities. The Ministers of the Christian Powers begin to make preparations to facilitate the escape of their families in case of necessity. The nearer the crisis approaches, the more the fanaticism of the Turks increases: it has risen to a height of which it is impossible to form an idea.

The Austrian and Russian ambassadors at the Porte, have, it is said, urged the Grand Seignior to the unqualified acceptance of the Russian *ultimatum*, which he positively refused. He will neither assent to the restoration of the Greek church, nor to the occupation of Moldavia and Wallachia by Russian troops. There are so many rumours, however, set afloat by stock jobbers, that we hardly know what to believe.

The Correctional Tribunal of Marseilles on the 11th of December, tried captain Quoniam, accused by the Public Prosecutor of having trafficked in negroes. He was condemned to the confiscation of his ship and cargo, and to the forfeiture of his occupation.

Dr. Kees, Counsellor of the Supreme Tribunal of Leipsic, who died there lately, was the richest individual in that city. His property is valued at three millions Saxon crowns.

About fifteen years ago, a male child, wrapped in fine white linen, was laid down at the door of Dr. D——, in Sunderland. The Doctor, actuated by the purest feelings of humanity, had the little foundling taken care of, and has ever since cherished him as his own. About the middle of December, Dr. D——, received a letter from an officer in India, who after declaring himself the father of the boy, announces the fact of his having settled 5000*l.* upon him, and executed a deed of gift of 500*l.* in favour of the Doctor, for the great care which, he understood, he had taken of his son.

An event has recently occurred at Munich, which is the subject of general conversation there—An infant of nine months having been left in a garden walk, an eagle lighted on it from a prodigious height; a servant who was working in an adjacent spot, happily perceived it, and running up enveloped the head of the eagle in his apron, while he had the strength and skill to hold it till some people, attracted by his cries, came to his assistance. The child received no wounds. As to the eagle, it has been placed in the royal menagerie at Munich.—*Paris paper.*

A steam engine of the immense power of one hundred and forty horses has lately been erected on his Grace the Duke of Portland's estate at Kirby, in the county of Nottingham, for the purpose of draining an extensive tract of coal. The cylinder of this stupendous machine is seventy inches in diameter, and the beam, which is twelve tons in weight, raises at every stroke fifteen tons of water, and when required, delivers at the surface from the depth of the mine which is one hundred and seventy yards, between seven and eight hundred gallons in each minute.

New-York, February 13.

We have had no less than 12 or 13 arrivals from Liverpool since the first of this month, besides valuable arrivals from other ports of Europe and the West Indies. We understand the duties secured at the Custom House the first six days of the month, exceeded a million of dollars, being a greater sum than ever accrued in the same period of time.

Buffalo, February 5.

On Thursday evening last, four criminals confined in the jail of this county made their escape. While the gaoler was removing them from an upper room, where they were during the day, for the benefit of fire, they assaulted, bound and gagged him, and after taking his gold watch, surtout, sword, pistols, &c. locked him into the dungeon, and made their escape. They have all been retaken.

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, February 16, 1822.

We are not addicted, from principles of respect to the Judiciary, nay indeed from sentiments of homage to the laws which we have our share in forming, to deprecate the decision of any court of justice, whether it be of a county—of a state, or of the admiralty tribunals of the Federal government, and we have heretofore, though our editorial existence has yet been short, united our admiration to others, of the strict rule of equity upon which adjudications have generally been made. We leave it to the lawyers and others of legal learning to discuss and to determine the wisdom, the justness, and the sound sense of the decrees of admiralty chambers, but we cannot, in publishing the following paragraph from the Evening Gazette of Boston, refrain from expressing a wide doubt of the propriety, or the soundness of the views which the honourable judge has taken of the case of the Mariana Flora.—It is true we have not seen the whole account of the testimony and examination, but though the commerce of the country is constantly interrupted with the most daring impunity, we see no reason why our gallant naval commanders should not be *protected* in *protecting* the national flag, and to resist an unjustifiable, unlawful, unprovoked and insolent attack upon it, by a puny vessel of a puny nation.

*We understand that the hon. Judge Davis, of the U. S. District Court, this day decreed, restitution to the owners of the Portuguese ship Mariana Flora and cargo, sent into this port by the U. S. schr. *Alligator*, and that he gave it as his opinion, that there was no cause of capture. Commissioners are to be appointed to award damages to the owners, for the capture and detention of the property, and the Judge also stated that he should take into consideration what damages to render the crew, for having been confined in irons, &c.

CONGRESS.

Mr. Russell, from the committee on Foreign Affairs, to whom was referred the message from the President, transmitting a report from the Secretary of State, on the case of Capt. Shain, of the Ajax, made a report, in the House of Representatives, on Tuesday last, detailing the circumstances of his suffering from personal violence, in the port of Havana, and concluded with the recommendation, that Congress take no further order thereon—which report was agreed to.

On Wednesday, in the Senate Mr. Dickerson from the Select Committee to which had been recommitted the resolutions proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, relative to the election of electors of President and Vice President of the United States, &c. reported the same with amendments.

Mr. R. M. Johnson of Ky. introduced a bill which was passed to a second reading. It is intended to restrict the admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, of the courts of the United States, to cases relating to the navigation of the high seas, and ports, havens, and creeks within the ebb and flow of the tide.

The claim of the Marquis de Maison Rouge was again under consideration. Mr. Smith of S. C. spoke against the validity of the claim—Mr. Talbot moved to recommit the bill with instructions to report a bill providing for the adjudication of this and all other similar claims to lands in Louisiana.

In the House of Representatives, the Bankrupt bill being under consideration, Mr. Archer took the floor in favour of striking out the first section, and before he had concluded, the house came to an adjournment.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The bill incorporating the Lehigh Navigation company, has received the signature of the Governor.

In the Senate of Pennsylvania, last week, Mr. Dickerson offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill, prohibiting the transportation of any slave or slaves, in chains, through this state or any part thereof.

The number of applications for divorce, have been so numerous before the Legislature of this state, that both houses have rejected bills sent from each other; one ground for this determination in the two bodies is, that Legislative interference is improper with subjects the recognizance of which has been given to the Courts; another is that the easy access to the houses, of such petitions, tend to increase their number, and to make formidable inroads into the happiness of families where private feuds might otherwise be rendered temporary.

Extract of a letter, dated Harrisburg, Feb. 13.

The House of Representatives of this state, have just agreed to refer the report of the governor with the correspondence accompanying the same, relative to the loan of a million, to the following committee, viz. Messrs. Sutherland, Lehman, Forward, Dimmick and Steriger. There was an attempt made to refer the subject to the committee of ways and means. Mr. Gilleland, the chairman of that committee, however, suggested the propriety of referring it to a special committee, which you will perceive was agreed to. The committee upon the retail bill, has met, but have not as yet been able to agree upon a bill to be reported to the house. The loan office bill is now before the committee of the whole—I cannot at present predict its fate, as it is a subject of great moment.

MR. PHILIPPS.

Having terminated an engagement of six nights, during which his performances were attended by audiences, more numerously fashionable and discriminating than have heretofore resorted to the theatre, Mr. Philipps makes his last appearance, and takes his Benefit on Monday evening. Lord Aimworth, in the Opera of the Maid of the Mill, and Captain Beldare, in Love Laughs at Locksmiths—are the characters which, on this occasion, he proposes to represent.

There can be no difficulty in ascertaining the cause which has produced such fortunate results, throughout the course of this gentleman's professional career. An unconquerable passion for the exercise of the musical *art*, induced him to adopt measures for the attainment of a musical *education*. His habit of perseverance, and the unusual quickness of his perception, facilitated his progress in the study of that pleasing and enchanting science. Nature having bestowed upon him with no illiberal hand an aptitude to comprehend, not only the formations of sound which she herself had designed, but the mathematical constructions of them, and the geometrical proportions and arrangements of their representative figures; his union of this persevering temper with this happy gift, has caused him to be the accomplished and profound scholar that he is.—The adepts in the science know this fact; the amateurs look at, and admire it, and the lovers of the profession feel the pleasing influence which it perceptibly disseminates. It is therefore, not necessary to urge the acknowledgment of it. We will only suggest that such rare and uncommon talents should be universally remembered and well rewarded.

In all Mr. Philipps's representations of the Opera, he has been most powerfully abetted by the fine talents of Mrs. Burke, in accordance with whose voice, his own seems to acquire a richer sweetness, as the union of two expressive tones renders the melody more striking. We trust Mr. P. assisted by this lady, whom we have heard him call an admirable singer, (no mean praise from such a source,) will favour the citizens with a concert previous to his departure.

A report was made, at a meeting of citizens in Philadelphia, on the 8th inst. on the subject of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canals, to which the attention of the people of this state appears to have been of late commendably turned. The intelligent committee, by whom this report is made, estimate the amount expended on this object at about 122,000 dollars, and about 200,000 dollars more of the amount subscribed, it is supposed, may be obtained. The committee therefore suggest, that an additional subscription of 900,000 dollars (say in all 900,000 dollars) will complete the work.—They calculate the interest on this at 54,000 dollars, and the expence of annual repairs and attendance at 14,000—making 70,000. As for income, they say that it is supposed that 40,000 tons of goods are now annually transported across the Peninsula, and they calculated that, when the Susquehannah is made navigable the stock will be profitable.

FROM CURRACOA.

The brig Fanny, Captain Baker, arrived at New-York, from Curracoa, brought papers from that place as late as the 13th. of January, containing a Declaration of Independence of the people of St. Domingo.

Extract of a letter dated Bermuda Jan. 12th.

"We have just received letters from our friends in Barbadoes, stating that the collector of that island, who is now in England, has written that a brisk *negociation* was going on with the American Ambassador for the *opening of the British ports to American vessels*, under certain restrictions which he thought would take place."

On Monday evening, a cart stopped at a house in Ninth-street, near Walnut, with a load of goods. The carter carried a trunk into the house, when instantly a Negro jumped into the cart, and began to drive off. He was seen, an alarm was given, pursuit was made, and after having drove the cart about a square, the Negro leaped out and got clear off.—*Dem. Press.*

Royal Academy.—A few days since Mr. C. R. Leslie, a native of Philadelphia, so advantageously known to the British public by his tasteful pictures of Sir Roger de Coverly, May day Games, Anne Page, &c. and Mr. George Clint, whose pencil has so spiritedly pourtrayed many dramatic scenes, with portraits of distinguished performers, were elected associates of the Royal Academy.

[*London paper.*

Historical Analogy.—The history of England gives one King named John, and no more.—The history of the United States gives one President named John, and no more. The history of England gives two Kings named James. The history of the United States gives two Presidents named James. The history of England gives William as successor of the second James. We will not pursue the analogy, lest some persons should imagine that we were in favour of the Columbian nomination.—*Charleston Courier.*

Darien, (Georgia,) Jan. 31.

Five persons, who resided near Savannah, were unfortunately drowned on the 16th inst. while descending the river St. Mary's, having got too low down the sound, in consequence of the fog, their boat overturned.

On the same day, Mr. George Gibbs, surveyor of East Florida, accompanied by Mr. Kid, and three persons of colour, went out for the purpose of surveying Fort George Inlet, and on their return were all drowned, except Mr. Kid, the boat having capsized.

COMMUNICATION.

The Opera.—The Musical Science (denied that appellation by a very high and distinguished musician, with whom we conversed a few days since) has claimed, and very naturally too, more than usual attention since the re-appearance of Mr. Philipps.—It is gratifying to the friends and devotees of the Opera, that that gentleman is so admirably supported in his songs, cantatas, duets, &c. by one of the best orchestras which the country can produce. Mr. Lefolle, the leader of the band, has long sustained his reputation in that character; Mr. De Luce, whom we understand is also a very successful teacher of music, upon indiscriminate instruments, possesses powers of execution which seem to flow from intuition; Mr. J. C. Hommann, junr. is making rapid progress beyond the knowledge he has already attained, and Mr. Blondeau's flagiolet keeps up its former well known and indisputable character. It is but a day since that we heard an European gentleman say, that few orchestras in the trans-Atlantic Theatres, of the same number of instruments, exceeded the talent contained in this.—Whilst other professional members of public institutions of amusement are kept before the public by reviews, we should like to see more notice taken of these.

From a London Paper December 27

Royal Coburg Theatre.—Yesterday an immense crowd was attracted to the above Theatre to witness the various novelties announced for the evening, the chief of which was the *Looking-glass Curtain*, respecting which the expectation of the public had been previously raised very high. Some hundreds were in waiting at the Pit and Gallery doors before four o'clock, several of whom had been there so early as one, notwithstanding the heavy fall of rain, which continued during the day. At five o'clock the crowd was so great as to make it difficult for carriages to pass, and on the opening of the doors the rush was tremendous, but no accident occurred. The interval preceding the display of a curtain which was to reflect the whole of the audience, was passed with sensible impatience. It seemed as if the audience were afraid lest the promise should not be realised, and that they should suffer like the admirers of the Bottle Conjuror. At length, however, the critical moment arrived, the drop scene was slowly raised, and the magical mirror stood revealed in all its glory. The effect upon the house was difficult to describe, a sudden and deep silence for a few moments succeeded the most tumultuous noise, after which the din of approbation which shook the house seemed to endanger the frail but splendid object which called it forth. The whole semicircle was reflected, and seemed like an opposing theatre in perspective; when the audience had gratified themselves with the *coup d'œil*, which was very fine, they began to examine it more minutely, and every individual was glad to recognise himself, and his fair one or friends; mutual salutations of course took place between the real persons and their apparent representatives, and such a novel interchange of civilities, afforded much amusement. On many of the holiday visitors it was evident that this display had an effect similar to enchantment, and they sat as still and mute as the chrystalized audience at which they were gazing. When the drop scene again dispelled the illusion, the most rapturous applause followed, and continued for a long time. The machine, as it stands at present, is an immense mirror composed of separate oblong plates. These plates are each from thirty to thirty-six inches wide, and are about fifty inches in height: the whole surface of glass reaches from the floor of the stage to the proscenium, and, resting upon a narrow line of plinth at the bottom, is bounded by a massy piller, carved and gilded on each side.

Robbery Extraordinary.—John Fish, a cow keeper, residing on the New-Road, (says a London paper of Dec. 31,) applied a few days ago at the Police office, Hatton-garden, for a search warrant under the following circumstances. He stated that he had been robbed of 60*l.* in bank notes, which were deposited in a salt-sellar in the cupboard, together with forty shillings in silver, but that the latter was left, and he suspected they must have been taken by some lodgers. The warrant was granted, and two officers despatched to put it into execution; but previous to making the search, they went in to see where the money and notes were deposited, when it struck them that it was strange the money should be left, and after tearing down some of the wainscot, and stripping up some of the flooring, at the extreme end of the room, in a mouse's nest, they found one 10*l.* note much eaten, and the rest reduced to fragments to line the nest, so that neither name, date, nor number could be traced!

The city of Metz, it appears, has been some time afflicted by one of the plagues of Egypt, viz: *frogs*. Several streets were seen covered with these animals, and no one could imagine from whence they came, until a merchande de Grenouilles (frog merchant) explained the mystery, by applying to the tribunals and claiming his property. He had shut up 60,000 frogs in the troughs and buckets of the fish markets, and several children, who discovered his depot, put every one at liberty. The frogs, delighted with freedom, spread themselves in every direction. They entered the houses, and the inhabitants could not relieve themselves from their visiters, without considerable trouble and difficulty.

REMARKABLE SAGACITY.

We do not think the records of *instinct* ever contained a more extraordinary instance than the one which we are about to relate, and for the truth whereof we pledge ourselves. A few days since, Mr. Joseph Lane, of Fascombe, in the parish of Ashelworth, in this county, on his return home, turned his horse into a field in which he had been accustomed to graze. A few days before this, the horse had been shod, all-fours, but unluckily had been pinched in the shoeing of one foot. In the morning Mr. Lane missed his horse, and caused an active search to be made in the vicinity, when the following singular circumstance transpired. The animal, as may be supposed, feeling lame, made his way out of the field by unhanging the gate with his mouth, and went straight to the farrier's shop, a distance of a mile and a half.—The farrier had no sooner opened his shed, than the horse, who had evidently been standing there some time, advanced to the forge and held up the ailing foot—the farrier instantly began to examine the hoof, discovered the injury, took off the shoe and replaced it more carefully—on which the horse immediately turned about and set off at a merry pace for his well known pasture. Whilst they chanced to pass by the forge, and on mentioning their supposed loss, the farrier replied, "Oh, he has been here and shod, and gone home again"—which, on their return, they found to be actually the case.—*Cheltenham Chron.*

WHOOPING-COUGH.

It is not generally known, that, when a child has this troublesome and dangerous complaint, if the backbone, from the neck downwards, be rubbed with garlick, previously warmed by the fire, a cure is effected in a very short time; this treatment should be repeated for several days together. The skin may probably be rubbed off, but the child will experience no inconvenience from it.

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DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

Walnut street.—Mr. Philipps's present engagement terminates on Monday eve, with the two operas of *The Maid of the Mill*, and *Love laughs at Locksmiths*, for his benefit.

Prune Street.—The Child of the Desert, better known probably by the title of the Æthiop, and the farce of The Tooth Ache, translated from the French by Mr. John Bray, constitute the entertainments for the benefit of Mr. Mestayer this evening. This gentleman's comic talents are of no inferior order, and there are a number of characters in which he has been quite as successful as comedians of more extensive celebrity. Mrs. Pelby makes her appearance again upon this occasion in Zoe, a character which we have already seen her represent with much *naivete*, and of which we have before spoken.

Harrisburg.—*Forty Thieves*, and the three act farce of *Ways and Means*, were the performances on Tuesday. On Thursday, the comedy of the *Soldier's Daughter*, and the *Wags of Windsor*.

Washington City.—Mrs. Richardson, who announces herself as late of the Philadelphia Theatre, gave a Concert on Thursday evening, at Capitol Hill, at which she proposed to *dance* Madame Parisott's Pas Seul and Hornpipe.

Cincinnati.—On the 29th ult. *Deaf and Dumb*, and the *Children of the Wood*, were performed for the benefit of Mrs. Jones. Mr. Henderson's benefit took place on the 4th inst. on which occasion he prepared for representation the play of *Columbus, or the Discovery of America*—which concluded with *The Adopted Child*. Mrs. Belinda Groshon, late of the Theatre, died on the 31st ult.

The second exhibition at the Circus, by Mr. Villalave's company of Equestrian riders, took place on Saturday, the 26th ult. Tickets of admission were sold for 50 cents in *Specie*, otherwise they could not be obtained.

New-York.—On Thursday evening, the tragedy of *Hamlet*—Hamlet, by a young gentleman, being the last night but one of his engagement.—To which was added, for the second time in America, the farce of *Maid or Wife, or the Deceiver Deceived*, as now performing at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, with great applause. Between the play and farce, a Scotch Pas de Deux, by the Misses Durangs.

Boston.—Monday last, was Mrs. Barnes's fifth night—the performances were *Therese, or the Orphan of Geneva*; the musical farce of *Love laugh's at Locksmiths*, with the admired prelude called *Fire and Water*.

Mr. Artiguenave, the distinguished pupil of *Talma*, the French Tragedian, and whom we had the pleasure of repeatedly seeing at the Masonic Hall in this city, is now delivering lectures at Boston.—They say there that his highest qualification is the *purity* of his pronunciation, and his ingenious illustration of the modes of speech in the French tongue. It may be remembered that during the time of this gentleman's recitations here, Mr James Wallack, on his first visit to the U. States, proffered his assistance at them, to rescue him from the languishing state of patronage, the limited knowledge of the French language among us, caused him to encounter.

Mr. Matthews, of comic celebrity, has this week commenced a series of extraordinary performances at this place. It is stated that the first winter of his exhibition in London yielded 12,000—the second 8000—and the third 10,000 pounds—total 30,000—a fact, says the Evening Gazette, which appears almost incredible.

New Orleans.—Mr. *Junius Brutus Booth* personated Richard III. on the night of the 11th ult. Mr. Hughes, (formerly of Philadelphia,) as Duke of Buckingham, and Mr. T. Jefferson in the character of Richmond.

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MARRIED,

On the 5th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Janeway, Dr. JOHN K. MITCHELL, of Virginia, to Miss SARAH MATILDA, daughter of Alexander Henry, Esq. of this city.

On Thursday evening, the 24th ult. by the Rev. Thomas Burch, Mr. ALEXANDER BURDEN, to Miss MARY MOORE, both of this city.

On Thursday, the 7th inst. by Charles Souder, Esq JESSE TOMLINSON, of Byberry township, Bucks county, to JERUSHA COMLY, of Upper Dublin township, Montgomery county.

At Lancaster, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Ashmead, Mr. PETER SHARP, to Miss AMELIA, daughter of the late Mr. Ebenezer Humpherwill, of Philadelphia.

On Saturday, the 9th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Boyd, Mr. WILLIAM THAW, to Miss MARY ANN SIMMONS.

On Tuesday evening last, at Moorestown, Montgomery County, by the Rev. Robert Steel, Mr. HENRY L. BONSALL, Merchant, of Philadelphia, to Miss HANNAH WENTZ, daughter of the late John Wentz, Esq. of Whitepl[illegible]in township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Rogers, Mr JAMES PUGH, to Miss ANN CARVER, both of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

At New-Orleans, on the 19th ult. PERSLIOH P. SMITH, son of Jonathan Smith, Esq of Philadelphia, to Miss FRANCES I. BUREAU, daughter of Francis Bureau, of the former place.

On Thursday, the 14th instant, by the Reverend Bishop White, ALEXANDER HEMSLEY, Esq. of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, to Miss ELIZABETH, second daughter of FRANCIS WEST, Esq. of this city.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, Major PIERCE BUTLER, in the 77th year of his age.

On Sunday morning, Dr. ISAAC CLEAVER, in the 37th year of his age.

On Sunday morning, after a long illness, Mr. CHRISTOPHER DUNOTT.

On Tuesday afternoon, Mr. ROBERT SCOTT, a native of Ireland, aged 78 years.

On the 1st ult. near Edwardsville, Illinois, Mr. THOMAS COLLET, formerly of Philadelphia, aged 29 years.

On Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. ANN, wife of Samuel Hemple, aged 37 years.

On Wednesday afternoon, in the 28th year of his age, Mr. BENJAMIN STERLING, Merchant, of Burlington, N. J.

At New-Orleans, on the 14th ult. WILLIAM JENKINS, of Philadelphia, aged 34 years.

At St. Thomas, on the [illegible]4th January, JOSEPH T. CLEMENTS Merchant, of this city.

On the 3d [illegible], at Savannah, JOHN DUTTON, of Burlington, N. J.

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTS & CO. Auctioneers.

From the 11*th to the* 15*th Feb.* 1822.

TEA—77 chests Young Hyson, 81 a 81 cts. lb.
SUGAR—6 hhds. Porto Rico, 9.30 a 10.10 cwt.
15 bbls. do. [illegible]
20 boxes brown Havana, $9 [illegible] —
3 do white do. $[illegible] —
CHOCOLATE—20 ½ boxes, 5 boxes, [illegible] No. 1
12½ a 13 cts per lb.
FRUIT—5 kegs Sun Raisins, $7,90 a $8 [illegible] keg.
6 drums Turkey Figs, 18 cts. per lb.
4 bags Filberts, 4 — —
PEPPER—3 bags 2[illegible] cts. per lb
MOLASSES—4 hhds. W. India, 29½ a 32 cts. gal.
4 bbls. Sugar House, 32 —
SOAP—5 boxes Castile, - 14 cts. lb.
CHAMOMILE FLOWERS—1 hhd. 34 —
CAMPHOR—14 cases Crude, 45 —

ALMANAC.

1822. FEBRUARY.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets.	High Water	Moon's Phases.
16 Saturday,	6 4	5 17	9 33	First ◐ 28 [illegible] New ● [illegible] Last ◑ [illegible] Full ○ [illegible]
17 Sunday,	6 41	5 19	10 54	
18 Monday,	6 40	5 20	11 37	
19 Tuesday,	6 39	5 21	0 14	
20 Wednesday,	6 38	5 22	1 4	
21 Thursday,	6 37	5 23	1 42	
22 Friday,	6 35	5 25	2 18	

REMOVAL.

ROBERT THOMPSON has removed his Establishment from No. 7, North Front Street, to No. 137, Washington Street, New-York, where in future it will be conducted under the firm of

ROBERT THOMPSON & CO.

Who have received by the late arrivals from Liverpool a choice and valuable assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GENUINE (L) ENGLISH BLISTER, CROWLEY, SHEAR, and BEST REFINED CAST STEEL, which they will sell to Wholesale Dealers on very reasonable terms.

feb. 16—6t*

NOTICE,

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between John and James B. Wood, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to send in their accounts, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber, who is authorised to settle the same. JAMES B. WOOD.

The Wheelwright and Fan-making business carried on, as usual, at No. 4[illegible] Spruce street, by James B. Wood. feb 16—3t*

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE Farm of 95 acres, situate in Cheltenham Township, Montgomery county, 25 acres of Woodland, the remainder under good cultivation and fence.

A two story Stone Dwelling House, Stone Barn, Carriage House, and Spring house. This farm is eight and a half miles from this city, and fronts on the road leading from Jenkintown to Germantown. A plan may be seen and information obtained, at the office of PAGE & LISLE No. 8 South Fifth street. feb 16—3t

Constable's Sale.

By virtue of Execution, to me directed, will be sold, on THURSDAY, the 21st of February, inst. at ten o'clock, A. M. at No. 297 Walnut street, above Tenth,

A VARIETY of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of the following articles, viz. Mahogany Sideboard, Card and Dining Tables, Bureaus, Tables and Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Ingrain, Floor and Stair Carpeting, Brass Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Mantle Ornaments, &c. with a variety of Kitchen Furniture.

feb 16—1t WM. M'GINLEY, Constable.

THE SATURDAY MAGAZINE,

PUBLISHED by E. LITTELL, No. 74 South Second Street, Philadelphia; and by R. NORRIS HENRY, No. 97 Pearl Street, New York. Contents—Arctic Land Expedition; Biblical Literature; The Baron's Bridal; Confessions of an English Opium Eater; Circumference of the Earth;—Milk and Honey, or the Land of Promise.

feb. 16—1t

Union Tavern for Public Sale.

At the Merchants' Coffee-House, on the First of March next ensuing, at 7 o'clock in the evening.

THIS noted Tavern is in Bensalem township, Bucks county, at the junction of the Milford Road with the Bristol Turnpike—six miles from Bristol, one fourth of a mile from the River Delaware, and thirteen miles from Philadelphia, two miles from Byberry Meeting-house, and conveniently near to many other public institutions.

The Tavern-House is a large and commodious three story stone Building, 40 feet by 39, with a Piazza in front, four rooms on the first floor, and an entry; three Bed-rooms and a large Ball-room, on the second floor, and nine Bedrooms on the third floor, with a sufficient number of fire-places. A Kitchen attached, good well and pump at the door. Cellar under the whole buildings.—There is a large stone Stable, sufficient for the accommodation of 40 horses, with Hay-loft above, also an open Shed adjoining and Waggon house, and a well and pump near thereto. And another open Shed—good stone Stable, with Hay-loft and Waggon house, accommodated with another well and pump. Also, an Ice-house. A handsome and excellent Garden in front of the house.

Four Acres and a half of good Land, are attached to the Buildings, and two acres detached, distant about 100 yards South.

This property is well calculated for public business—and might accommodate a Store-keeper, a Boarding-School, or a Gentleman of leisure and fortune, being in an agreeable and respectable neighbourhood. A good title will be given, and possession on the first of April next. Further information may be obtained of PAGE & LISLE, at their office, No 8 South Fifth street.

feb 15—2t

WALDREN BEACH,

35 Lombard street,

MANUFACTURES and has for Sale, in Whole-sale quantities, the following articles:—

Cake, Canister and Roll Blacking—Windsor Soap, and Wash Balls—Pomatum, Ink Powder, Glass Paper, &c. &c. [illegible]

THE OLIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

EPIGRAM.

Said Rosa, to a reverend dean,
"What reason can be given,
Since Marriage is a holy thing,
That there is none in Heaven?"

"There are no women," he replied;
She quick returned the jest—
"Women there are, but I'm afraid
They cannot find a priest!"

HOSPITALITY.

——"There is a certain hospitable air,
In a friend's house, that tells me I am welcome.
The porter opens to me with a smile—
The yard dog wags his tail—the servant runs,
Beats up the cushion, spreads the couch, and says
"*Sit down, good Sir*," ere I can say I'm weary."

WEATHER GUESSES.

Before rain, swallows fly low; dogs grow sleepy and eat grass; waterfowl dive much; fish will not bite; flies are more troublesome; toads crawl about; moles, ants, rats, bees, and many insects are very busy; swine, sheep and cattle are uneasy, and even so is the human body.

[To the above enumeration of signs the following might have been added. Cocks crow on the ground, tame geese gabble, pigs run with bushes in their mouths, lights burn blue, corns become troublesome, and broken bones ache.]

ENGLISH PROVERBS ON THE WEATHER.

If red the sun begins his race,
Expect that rain will fall a-pace.

The evening red, the morning gray,
Are sure signs of a fine fair day.

If wooly fleeces spread the heavenly way,
No rain be sure, disturbs the summer's day.

In the waning of the moon,
A cloudy morn—fair afternoon.

When clouds appear like rocks and towers,
The earth's refreshed by frequent showers.

* * *

A gentleman coming into a coffee-room one stormy night, said, "he never *saw* such a wind in his life." "*Saw* a wind," says another, "I never heard of such a thing as seeing a wind; pray what is it like?"—"Like," answered the gentleman, "like to have blown my hat off."

Mr. Walpole's taste in Gothic architecture and ornament, caused a number of applications to see his house at Strawberry-hill. Being, as he himself says, one day too cross, having been plagued all the week with staring crowds, he exclaimed, (it was then raining a deluge,) "Well! nobody will come to day."—The words were scarcely uttered, when the bell rang. A company desired to see the house. He replied, "tell them they cannot possibly see the house, but they are very welcome to walk in the garden."

CALUMNY.—Suppose that all should be spoken against you that malice can invent. Let it pass as a mote in the sun. If you would check a report despise it; for if you endeavour to stop it the more rapidly it will run.

APHORISM.—Love is very seldom produced at first sight—at least it must have, in that case, a very unjustifiable foundation. True love is founded on esteem, in a correspondence of tastes and sentiments, and steals on the heart imperceptibly.

ENIGMAS.

Addressed to the Medical Students of the University of Pennsylvania.

1. One-half of a powerful kingdom, and one-third of a relative pronoun.
2. Three-fourths of a desire, and three-sevenths of a Virgin in Mythology.
3. Three-sevenths of a female's christian name, two-fifths of a numerical figure, and a vowel.
4. Two-sixths of a great surprize, two-thirds of a poem, two-fifths of a poet, a vowel, and two-elevenths of a festival given by the ancient Romans.
5. One-third of a person who employs another to maintain his rights against oppression, and two-sevenths of a source for the increase of revenue.
6. Three-ninths of a place of worship, and four-fifths of a military manœuvre.
7. Three-fifths of the effect of pleasing sensations, and one-third of an apostolic unbeliever.
8. An unwelcome visitor, and three-fifths of one whose orthodoxy has taken a retrograde acceptation.
9. Three-fourths of a celebrated comedian, one-third of a musical instrument, and three-fifths of a tree.
10. Three-tenths of christian felicity, three-sevenths of consanguinity, and a consonant.

[*To be continued*]

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, *No. 27 Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* feb 2—tf

MAHOGANY.

JOHN JAMES, jun. Cabinet, Chair and Venitian Blind Maker, *No. 28 North Fifth street*, a few doors above the sign of the White Horse, and next door to the sign of the Lamb, has for sale, MAHOGANY in Plank, Boards and Veneers. Also, COPAL, JAPAN and SPIRIT VARNISH, and GLUE.

N. B. Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms. 2 mo 2—tf

SPANISH HIDES.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his establishment, No. 80 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, (the stand formerly occupied by James Molony,) a fresh and extensive supply of SPANISH HIDES, in fine order, and of an excellent quality, weighing from 15 to 31 lbs. which he will sell at fair prices, for cash or acceptances—and all kinds of Leather will be taken at the highest prices, in exchange for Hides. DAVID COGGINS.

jan 29—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Class at his house, No. 74 *South Fifth street*, for the instruction of Young Gentlemen in this useful Language—Days of tuition are, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 5 till 7 o'clock in the evening. Terms, $10 per quarter, half to be paid in advance on the first lesson.

He intends likewise to open an Evening Class for grown gentlemen, from 7 till 9, or 8 till 10 o'clock, on the same days, and the same terms.

Lessons given in private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.

oct 13—1y

Twenty-second of February.

IT would be unnecessary to remind our country of the approaching day that gave birth to the greatest statesman, and one of the best men that the world ever produced—the majority of our happy land are desirous to manifest their approbation of the great event which ushered into the world a man so nobly endowed to be saviour of his country: therefore, we offer on the 11th of Feb. at 3 o'clock, at the Washington Hall, some of the following Grand Prizes in the second class of the

Pennsylvania State Lottery.

1	Prize of	$15,000	3	Prizes of	1,000
1	do.	8,000	8	do.	500
1	do.	5,000	14	do.	100
3	do.	9,000	5000	do.	6

Tickets selling at $7, and shares in proportion.

Likewise, on the 16th of April next, commences drawing the

UNION CANAL LOTTERY,

TENTH CLASS.—*SCHEME:*

1	prize of	$10,000	100	prizes of	$100
2	do.	5,000	100	do.	50
10	do.	1,000	300	do.	20
20	do.	500	6500	do.	6

Tickets selling at $5 50—Halves, 2 75—Quarters 1 37½. For any of the above prizes the public are respectfully invited to call at

GOODWIN'S

Fortunate Lottery Office, N. E. corner of Third and Walnut streets. feb 9—tf

FOR SALE, OR RENT,

Or would be exchanged for Property in Philadelphia,

A HIGHLY VALUABLE TAN-YARD AND FARM, situate in the Township of Uwchlan, in the county of Chester, state of Pennsylvania, five miles from Downingstown, three from the Yellow Springs, half a mile from the Conestoga turnpike road, and thirty miles from Philadelphia. Adjoining lands of John Boidlar, George Stitelar, and others, containing seventy-seven and an half acres, of the first quality land; a good proportion of which is woodland and meadow, the remainder in grass, divided into small fields with chesnut rail fence.

The buildings are in good order, consisting of a large two story Stone Dwelling House, with two rooms and an entry on the first floor, and four rooms on the second—a stone barn and spring house over a never failing spring, and a frame wagon house.—Also a stone tenement with log stabling. There is a good apple orchard, together with a number of bearing peach, plumb, cherry, and other fruit trees.

The Tan-yard contains sixteen laying-away vats, with the necessary proportion of limes, handlers, &c. The buildings are a beam house, handing shed, currying shop, mill house, and a large bark house, 60 by 30 feet. Three bark mills, two of which are turned by water, and one completely calculated to grind bark for exportation, in a neighbourhood that abounds plentifully with bark, and is perhaps excelled by none in the county, as a retailing establishment.

Enquire of JAMES ELLIOT, on the premises, or of DAVID COGGINS, No. 80 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. Jan. 12—6t

MRS SHALLUS

INFORMS the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia, that she has just received, in addition to her former extensive and valuable collection, a large number of NEW ENGLISH NOVELS and ROMANCES—among which are:

Augustus and Adelina, or the Forest of St. Bernardine—by Miss Haynes, 4 vols.
Bravo of Bohemia, or the Black Forest, 4 vols.
Coquetry, 3 vols.
Castles in the Air, or Whims of My Aunt, 3 vols.; two sets.
Delusion, 2 vols.; two sets.
Dacresfield, or Vicissitudes on Earth, 4 vols.
Mehaled and Seli, or History of a Druse Family. By Baron de Dalberg, 2 vols.
Disorder and Order—by Amelia Beauclerc, author of Husband, Hunters, &c. 3 vols. three sets.
Ethelinde, or Recluse of the Lakes—by Charlotte Smith, a new edition, 5 vols.; three sets.
Fatal Vow, or St. Michaels Monastery—by Francis Lathom, a new edition, 2 vols.; two sets.
France and England, or Scenes in each—by Edward C. Gilford, 2 vols.
Godfrey Ranger, 3 vols.
Cisely, or the Rose of Raby—by Agnes Musgrave, a new edition, 4 vols.; two sets.
Maiden Wife, or Heiress of De Courcey, a most interesting tale—by Miss E. M. Hamilton, 4 vols.
Montague Newberg—by Alicia C. Maut, author of Ellen, or the Young Godmother, 2 vols.
Robin Hood, a Tale of Olden Times, 2 vols. (London, 1819.)
Soldier of Pennaflor, a new edition, in 5 vols. two sets.
Saint Margaret's Cave, or the Nun's Story—by Mrs. Hulme, author of St. Clair of the Isles, 4 vols. a new edition.
Saint Bride's Manor, 2 vols.
Veil'd Protectress—by Mrs. Meeke, 5 vols.
Julia of Ardenfield, 2 vols.
Monk of Dissentis, 5 vols. a new edition.
Life of a Recluse—by A. Gibson, 2 vols.
Highland Castle, and Lowland Cottage, 4 vols. two sets.
Saint Patrick, a National Tale—by an Antiquary, 3 vols; two sets.
Cottagers of Glenburnie—by Miss Hamilton, a new edition.
The Prize in the Lottery, or Adventures of a Young Lady; written by herself from the Italian of L'Abbate Chiaro. Translated by Thomas E. White, 2 vols.
The Victim of Intolerance, or Hermit of Killarney, a Catholic Tale—by Major Robert Torrens, 4 vols.
Emeline, Orphan of the Castle—by Charlotte Smith, a new edition, 4 vols. &c.

In addition to those, Mrs. S. has all the late American Edition of NEW WORKS—among which are:

No Fiction, 2 vols.; six sets.
Village of Mariendorpt, 2 vols.; 6 sets.
Calthorpe, or Fallen Fortunes, 2 vols.; 6 sets.
Aikens's Court of Queen Elizabeth.
Miss Wright's Letters on America—and a great variety of others. nov. 17—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Pen-knife handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re-cut and made as new.

oct 6—tf

NOTICE.

Directors of the Public Schools.

CONFORMABLY with the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, the Controller of the Public Schools for the First School District, give notice, that the following named persons have been elected Directors of the Public Schools, to serve for one year, for the sections respectively designated, viz:

FIRST SECTION.

By the Select and Common Council of the City of Philadelphia, on the 17th inst.

Robert Wharton,
Roberts Vaux,
John Claxton,
Joseph M. Paul,
Rev. Philip F. Mayer,
Thomas Latimer,
Samuel J. Robbins,
Jonah Thompson,
Wm. W. Fisher,
Richard C. Wood,
James N. Barker,
John Markoe,
Robert J. Evans,
Daniel B. Smith,
Rev. Michael Hurley,
Rev. Wm Neill,
John Keating, jr.
Thomas F. Leaming,
Wm. J. Duane,
Wm. Wharton,
Jonathan Fell, jr.
Samuel Paton,
Rev. James Wiltbank,
Joseph Reed.

SECOND SECTION.

By the Commissioners of the Incorporated District of the Northern Liberties, on the 8th inst.

John C. Browne,
Joseph Lukens,
Jacob Justice,
Joseph Warner,
John Taylor,
Thomas Bacon,
George C. Schiveley,
John Child,
Wm. Fitler,
Tracey Taylor,
George F. Goodman,
Jesse H. Burden.

THIRD SECTION.

By the Commissioners of the District of Southwark, on the 17th inst.

George C. Snyder,
Robert M'Mullin, jr.
Joel B. Sutherland,
Ebenezer Ferguson,
George M'Leod,
Robert O'Niel.

By the Commissioners of the Township of Moyamensing, on the 7th inst.

James Ronaldson,
Robert L. Loughead,
Henry Fine,
James M'Cann,
Jacob Snyder,
Andrew Hooten.

FOURTH SECTION.

By the Commissioners of Spring Garden, on the 7th inst.

Joseph B. Norbury,
Martin Ludie,
George Esher,
Frederick Haas,
William Warner,
Jacob Frick.

On behalf of the Controllers,
ROBERTS VAUX, *President.*
Attested—T. M. PETTIT, Secretary.

*** The editors of all the newspapers, printed and published in the city and county of Philadelphia, are requested to give the above three insertions, and send their accounts to the Controller for payment. feb 2—3t

P. CANFIELD

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has opened an Office at No. 127 CHESNUT STREET, in this city, for the purpose of transacting the *Lottery and Exchange business*, and solicits their patronage.

By authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY,

TENTH CLASS.

ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.

The following gentlemen have been appointed by his Excellency the Governor, to superintend the drawing, viz.—

George Latimer,
Thomas Leiper,
Isaac Worrell,
Andrew Petit, and
Andrew Bayard, Esqrs.

10,000 DOLLARS,

HIGHEST PRIZE.

SCHEME.

1	Prize of	$10,000	is	$10,000
2	of	5,000	is	10,000
10	of	1,000	is	10,000
20	of	500	is	10,000
100	of	100	is	10,000
100	of	50	is	5,000
300	of	20	is	6,000
6500	of	6	is	39,000
7033	Prizes.			$100,000
13,967	Blanks.			
20,000	Tickets	5		$100,000

Tickets will be sold at the scheme price, for cash, until the 7th inst. On that day they will be advanced to $5 50 each, shares in proportion, and will soon be advanced to $6 each.

Prizes and Blanks to be drawn. The drawing will positively commence on Wednesday, the 17th of April next.

All the Prizes floating from the commencement of the drawing, except one of the $5,000 Prizes, which will be put in the wheel when 6,000 Tickets are drawn, and the $10,000 Prize when 12,000 Tickets are drawn.—The first 3,500 blanks will be entitled to $6 each.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

P. CANFIELD'S

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office,
No. 127, CHESNUT STREET,
Nearly opposite and between the Post-Office and United States Bank.

The CASH will be paid for all Prizes sold at the above Office, as soon as drawn. Orders, (post paid) thankfully received and promptly attended to—and Class dealt with on the most favourable terms. The *original* of all Share Tickets, sold at the above Office, will be deposited in the hands of the Manager for the security of the Purchaser.

I hereby certify that I have received from P. Canfield, agreeably to his request, Six Hundred Tickets, of the following numbers, viz.:

1391	to 1420 inclusive	10,471	to	10,500
2571	2600	11,726		11,765
2501	3530	12,151		12,180
3501	4540	13,241		13,260
5601	5630	14,101		14,130
5981	6000	15,101		15,130
6101	6140	16,401		16,430
7601	7630	17,156		17,175
8471	8500	18,231		18,260
9251	9280	19,271		19,300

In the UNION CANAL LOTTERY, Tenth Class, which I am informed he has shared, and which I am to hold for the security of the purchasers until the shares of those that may be prizes, are paid by him, and have deposited them in the Farmers and Mechanics Bank for safe keeping.

Philadelphia, Dec. 31, 1821.
ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.
jan. 5—tf

WASHINGTON MUSEUM,

Illuminated every evening, Sunday excepted.

CONTAINING 300 Wax Statues, 300 Paintings, many Natural Curiosities and Mechanical pieces. Among the Statues are represented the late Duel of Commodores Decatur and Barron, attended by their seconds, Com. Bainbridge and Capt. Elliott; Queen Dido on the funeral pile; Death of General Moreau; Death of General Packenham; Maria Antoinette, queen of France, beheaded on the Guillotine—*In Paintings*, the Battle of Waterloo; Perry's Victory; Death of Gen. Ross, at Baltimore; the Anaconda destroying both Horse and Rider; Battle of the Romans; Penn's Treaty with the Indians.

Anatomical Apartment—11 Natural preparations, and 10 in Wax; 10 full Portraits, many Historical Paintings and Engravings. This Room is 25 cents extra.

No. 48 MARKET STREET, two doors below Second street. Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents. feb 2—tf

WILLIAM WATTS

OF the borough of Frankford, begs leave to inform his friends and customers that he means to decline Store-keeping in the borough of Frankford, and all persons who are indebted to the said William Watts, will please to come forward for settlement, before the 20th day of March next.

feb 9—2t

CHESNUT WARD HOTEL,

Back of No. 3 South Fourth Street.

JOHN CLULEY takes leave most respectfully to return his grateful thanks for the encouragement he has received in his recent establishment—and to inform his friends and the public, that they can be regularly supplied with A-LA-MODE BEEF SOUP, prepared in the very best manner, every day, (Sunday's excepted,) from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 3 P. M.—SALLADS, &c. &c.

☞ FAMILIES supplied.

Dinners and Suppers at the shortest notice.

N. B. J. C. has excellent rooms for the accommodation of Arbitrators, Clubs, Societies, &c.

nov 10—tf

E. LOWBER,

DRUG and Colour Merchant, No 144 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, respectfully offers to Country Merchants, Druggists, and Physicians, a general assortment of the various articles in the Drug Line, on reasonable terms, and at moderate prices. A very extensive assortment of Dye stuffs, all the Dye-woods, in stick, chipped, and rasped, and the various Vegetable and Metallic Dyes, are constantly on hand. Orders from the Country and elsewhere, for any of the following as well as any other articles in his line, will receive prompt attention, and very special care will be paid to the quality of all goods sold.

4 tons Logwood,
2 do. Brazilletto,
4 do. Fustic,
8 do Nicaragua Wood,
50 hhds. Copperas,
2 do. Alum,
20 carboys Oil Vitriol,
50 do. Aqua fortis,
10 bls. ground Camwood,
2 hhds. Prime Madder,
1 hhd. Verdigris,
1 cask Cudbear,
20 bbls. Manganese,
3 hhds. Sumach,
1 box & 1 seroon Indigo,
50 kegs London refined Saltpetre,
500 gallons of Galipoli Olive Oil,
500 gallons Sperm. Oil
50 lbs. Saffron,
50 do. Cochineal,
2000 gallons Linseed Oil,
25 casks of Dry London White Lead,
10 do. Spanish Brown,
5 casks Venitian Red,
10 hhds. Spanish Brown,
500 kegs White Lead, in oil,
10 hhds. Whiting,
5 cases Chinese Vermillion,
500 gallons Spirits Turpentine,
100 boxes Window glass

IN THE DRUG LINE,

Opium, Camphor,
Pulv. Jalop, Rhubarb,
Pinkroot, Calomel,
Tartar Emetic,
Crem. Tartar,
Rochelle Salts,
Epsom Salts,
Glauber Salts,
Red and Yellow Peruvian Barks,
Antimony, Arsenic,
Magnesia, Hellebore,
Cassia, Cloves,
Nutmegs, &c. &c. &c.

sept 8—tf

CARRIAGES AND GIGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully tenders his thanks for the patronage which has heretofore been bestowed upon him, and apprizes his friends and the public that his establishment has recently been improved, and augmented to an extent which enables him to supply the calls of his customers at the most immediate notice. His carriages are not only fitted up in an elegant manner, but constructed and furnished so as to be at once comfortable and commodious—his principal care having been to accommodate them to the several seasons of the year. In the selection of his coachmen he has been particularly careful, that they should be sober and skilful, and that their appearance should correspond with the equipage. Despatch, diligence and attention, will be constantly given to those who honour him with their commands. The dimensions of his stable being very extensive, he is willing to receive Horses at Livery.

He has provided his establishment with a very elegant HEARSE FOR FUNERALS, with Horses and Furniture corresponding with the Vehicle and its purpose.

Expresses sent to any part of the country at any hour.

JOHN CARTER,

In Prune street, between 5th and 6th streets.

dec. 22—tf

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O. is well aware that many fraudulent and impositious Oils, &c have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 35½ South Front street, Philadelphia.

RECOMMENDATION.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we have, in various cases, used the Balm of Columbia, lately discovered by John Oldridge, of Philadelphia, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also as a restorative. We, therefore, feel assured of its excellence, and consider it valuable and well worthy the attention of the public. In testimony whereof, we have added our respective signatures, and given it our warmest recommendation.

Abraham A. Robinson, 55 South Front street.
Cromwell French, 2 Taylor's alley, S. Front st.
John Fink, Plumb street, between 3d and 4th.
John Cook, 35 Penn street. jan 26—tf

Oyster Rendezvous and Chop House.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber in tendering his thanks for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore extended to him, respectfully informs his friends and the community generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at No. 10 LIBRARY STREET, immediately facing the United States' Bank, and that he has annexed to his Hotel an

Oyster Rendezvous.

Gentlemen can be supplied with unusual dispatch at any hour through the day, with the first rate Oysters dressed to suit their wishes; and in the Chop House, with Beefsteaks, Veal Cutlets, and a variety of poultry; and choice game, and with any other article in the culinary line, which they may be disposed to prefer. The contiguity of the Banks, Coffee-House and public offices, renders his establishment unusually accommodating to persons having business at either, and he solicits a continuance of their former favours.

The Bar is abundantly supplied with liquors and refreshments, and there will be constantly on hand Genuine old Irish Whisky, for *Hot Punch.*

nov 17—tf CHARLES NEWMAN

S. Page & C. P. Lisle,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N. B. A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Twenty five cents charge for an entry. Jan. 12—6m

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
John Gaunt, Executor, and Achsah Gaunt, Executrix of Samuel Gaunt, deceased, *Complainants*,
And, Stacy Kirkbride, Martha Kirkbride, and Thomas Wilson, *Defendants.*
On Bill to fore-close, &c. Jan'y 22d, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court that process of Subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that Stacy Kirkbride hath not caused his appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court, the same ought to have been entered in case such process had been duly served—and it also appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said Stacy Kirkbride is out of this State and in the State of Pennsylvania—Upon opening the matter this day to the Court on behalf of As Ogden Dayton, Solicitor, and of counsel with the Complainants, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said Stacy Kirkbride to appear, plead, answer or demur to the Complainants' Bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail to do so, the complainants' bill shall be taken as confessed, and thereupon such decree be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just.—And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published within twenty days after the date hereof in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this State, for the space of six weeks successively, once in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the City of Philadelphia, for the space of four weeks successively, once at least in each week.

ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A True Copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
William Ford, *Complainant*,
And Joseph Lodge, Nathan Folwell, Jeffery S. Clark, & Paul Bright, *Defendants.*
On Bill to foreclose, &c. January 16th, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court that process of subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that Nathan Folwell, one of the above named defendants, hath not caused his appearance to be entered as, according to the rules of this court, the same ought to have been entered in case such process had been duly served; and it also appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said Nathan Folwell resides out of this state, and in the state of Pennsylvania—upon opening the matter, this day, to the Court, by W. N. Jeffers, Solicitor, and of Counsel with the complainant, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said Nathan Folwell to appear, plead, answer, or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail so to do, the Complainant's bill shall be taken as confessed against him, and thereupon such decree shall be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order shall be published within twenty days after the date hereof in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this state, for the space of six weeks successively, once at least in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the state of Pennsylvania, within the said twenty days, for four weeks successively, once at least in each week. ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A true copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w*

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
Josiah Miller, *Complainant*,
And Barbara Caush, John Caush, John Haines and others, *Defendants.*
On Bill to foreclose, &c. January 16, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court, that process of subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that John Haines, one of the above named defendants, has not caused his appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court the same ought to have been entered, in case such process had been duly served; and it also appearing, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said John Haines resides out of this state, and in the state of Pennsylvania—upon opening the matter, this day, to the Court, by W. N. Jeffers, Solicitor, and of Counsel with the complainant, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said John Haines to appear, plead, answer, or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail so to do, the complainant's bill shall be taken as confessed against him, and thereupon such decree shall be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published within twenty days after the date hereof, in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this state, for the space of six weeks successively, once at least in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the state of Pennsylvania, within the said twenty days, for four weeks successively, once at least in each week. ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A true copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w*

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street, KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—tf

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

NO 23 north Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. feb 2—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.

feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having purchased that old established Nursery formerly the property of Samuel Coles, deceased, in addition to his former establishment, will be enabled to furnish his customers with a large and general assortment of APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, PEACH, CHERRY and APRICOT TREES.

Catalogues may be had by applying to the Subscriber, or can be sent to Market street Ferry, upper side, if required, any day except Sunday.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Jun.

Moorestown, (N. J.) Oct. 20, 1821—6m

HAT STORE,

NO. 24 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

P. C. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf